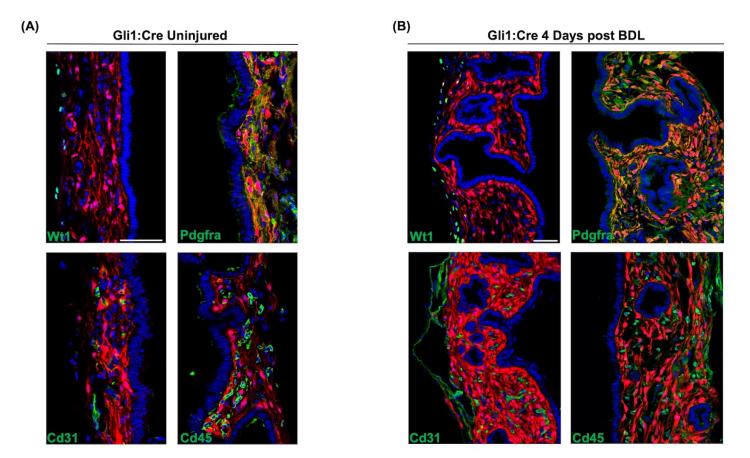
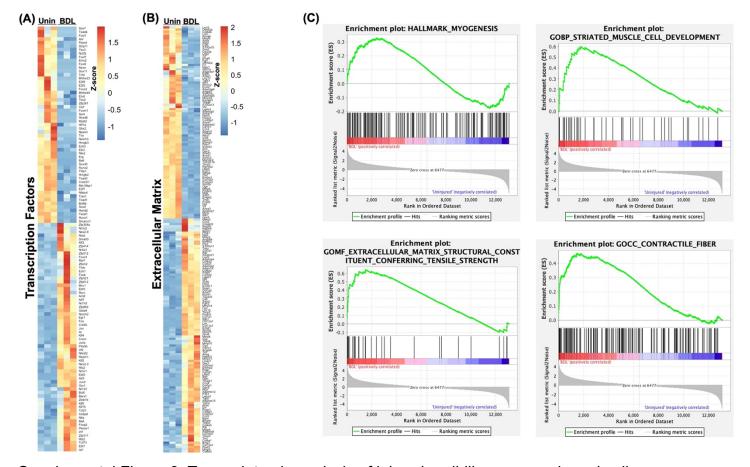


Supplemental Figure 1. Mesothelial markers and single-cell sequencing analysis.

(**A** and **B**) *Wt1:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup>*; *Rosa26:lox-STOP-lox-tdTomato* animals after tamoxifen mediated recombination showing mesothelial cells around the CBD (**A**, arrowheads) or on the liver surface (**B**, arrowheads) (n = 3). (**C**) *MsIn* antibody staining of the CBD showing staining around the CBD (arrowheads) (n = 3). (**D**) UMAP showing different cell types found in the murine CBD. (**E**) Violin plot showing marker gene expression for each cluster. (**F**) Dot plot showing expression of different *Fzd* receptors in cholangiocyte and mesenchymal populations. (**G**) Violin plots showing expression level of indicated genes in PMCs that are elevated in intrahepatic portal mesenchyme. Scale bars, 50 μm.

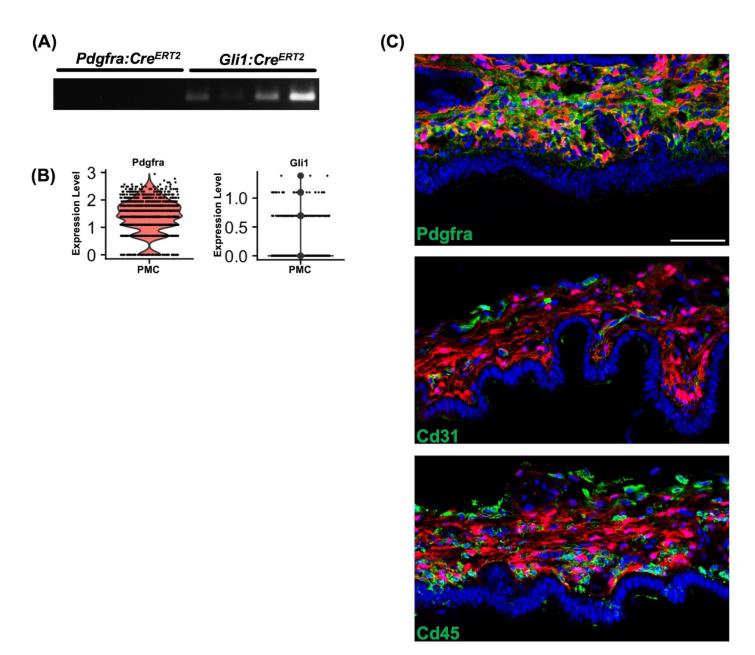


Supplemental Figure 2. Specificity of Gli1:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup> in uninjured and 4 day BDL animals. (**A** and **B**)  $Gli1:Cre^{ERT2}$ ; Rosa26:lox-STOP-lox-tdTomato 14 days after tamoxifen (**A**) or 4 days post BDL (**B**) were stained with the indicated antibodies to show that recombination is specific to PMCs. Scale bars, 50  $\mu$ m.



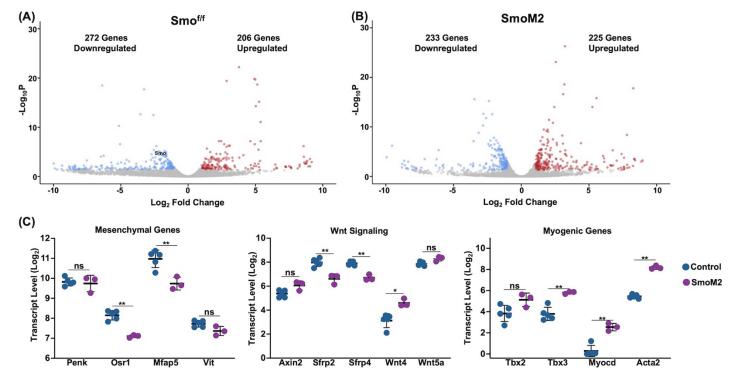
Supplemental Figure 3. Transcriptomic analysis of injured peribiliary mesenchymal cells.

(A) Heatmap showing differentially expressed transcription factors between uninjured and 4 day BDL PMCs. (B) Heatmap showing differentially expressed extracellular matrix genes between uninjured and 4 day BDL PMCs. (C) Gene set enrichment analysis of indicated gene sets.



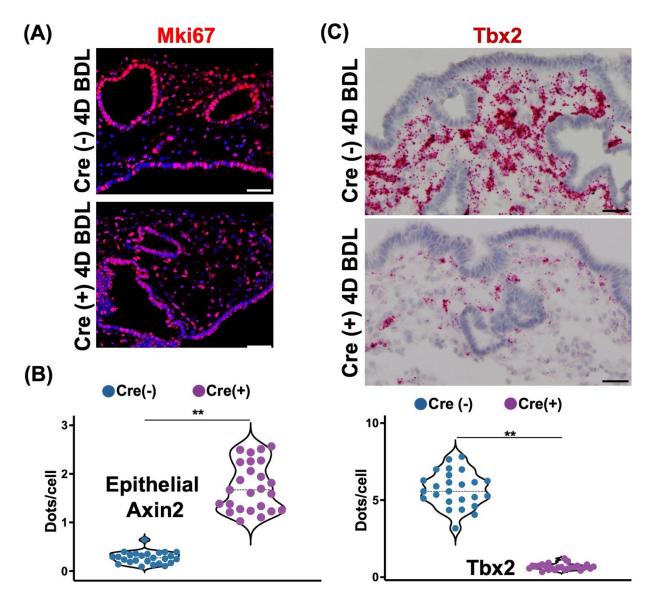
Supplemental Figure 4. Specificity of Pdgfra:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup>.

(A) PCR for Smo<sup>f/f</sup> allele from sorted PMCs from Pdgfra:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup>; Rosa26:lox-STOP-lox-tdTomato; Smo<sup>f/f</sup> and Gli1:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup>; Rosa26:lox-STOP-lox-tdTomato; Smo<sup>f/f</sup> showing inefficient recombination in Gli1:Cre<sup>ERT2</sup> animals. (B) Violin plot showing the expression level of Pdgfra vs Gli1 in PMCs from single-cell sequencing. (C) Staining with indicated antibodies to show that recombination is specific to PMCs.



Supplemental Figure 5. Analysis of PMC Smo gain and loss function

(A) Volcano plot showing the differential expression of PMC loss of Smo compared to control. (B) Volcano plot showing the differential expression of PMC gain of Smo compared to control. (C) Plots showing expression of mesenchymal, Wnt, and myogenic genes in Smo gain of function compared to control. ns = not significant \*p <0.05, \*\*p<0.005 by Benjamini-Hochberg (FDR).



Supplemental Figure 6. Analysis of  $\beta$ -catenin loss of function.

(**A**) *Mki67* staining of *Pdgfra:Cre*<sup>ERT2</sup>;  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> and  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> animals 4 days post BDL. (**B**) Quantification of epithelial *Axin2 in situ* signal in *Pdgfra:Cre*<sup>ERT2</sup>;  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> and  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> animals 4 days post BDL (n = 5). (**A**) *Tbx2 in situ* from *Pdgfra:Cre*<sup>ERT2</sup>;  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> and  $\beta$ -catenin<sup>f/f</sup> animals 4 days post BDL and quantification (n = 5 for each group). \*\*p<0.005 by Student's t-test.